PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

TRANSLATION INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 0000055058		FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416						
International application No.		International filing date (day/month/ye	ar) Priority date (day/month/year)						
PCT/EP2004/012515		05.11.2004	07.11.2003						
Internation	International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC								
C08F6/16, C08J3/16									
Applicant BASF Aktiengesellschaft									
	1. This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.								
2.	Γhis REPORT consists of a total of	5 sheets,	including this cover sheet.						
3.	This report is also accompanied by	ANNEXES, comprising:							
:	a. (sent to the applicant an	d to the International Bureau) a total of	sheets, as follows:						
	sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative								
	Instructions).	woodo oomlism shoots but vyhish this Autho	with considers contain an amondment that goes harvand						
	sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental Box.								
,	b. (sent to the International Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and number of electronic carrier(s))								
	related thereto, in comput Section 802 of the Admini	•	, containing a sequence listing and/or tables E Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see						
4. 7	This report contains indications rela								
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	Box No. I Basis of th	ne report							
	Box No. II Priority								
	Box No. III Non-estab	lishment of opinion with regard to novelt	y, inventive step and industrial applicability						
L		nity of invention							
	Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement								
اِ اِ	Box No. VI Certain do	ocuments cited							
[Box No. VII Certain de	fects in the international application							
	Box No. VIII Certain ob	servations on the international application	1						
Date of su	bmission of the demand	Date of complet	on of this report						
Name and	mailing address of the IPEA/EP	Authorized office	er						
Facsimile	No.	Telephone No.							

International application No.
PCT/EP2004/012515

Box	No. I	Е	Basis of the report					
1.			the language, this report is based on the internation r this item.	al application in the language in which it	was filed, unless otherwise			
		-	report is based on translations from the original language into the following language h is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:					
		inte	ternational search (Rule 12.3 and 23.1(b))					
		pul	blication of the international application (Rule 12.4)					
		inte	ernational preliminary examination (Rule 55.2 and/o	or 55.3)				
2.	recei		rd to the elements of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets which have been furnished to the Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to					
		-	national application as originally filed/furnished					
	\boxtimes	the descr						
		pages	1-16		as originally filed/furnished			
		pages*						
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	\square			received by this radiiotity on				
		the claim						
		nos	1–5		as originally filed/furnished			
		nos.*		as amended (together with an	y statement) under Article 19			
		nos.*		received by this Authority on				
		nos.* _		received by this Authority on				
		the draw	rings:					
		sheets			as originally filed/furnished			
		sheets*		received by this Authority on				
		sheets*		received by this Authority on				
		a sequen	nce listing and/or any related table(s) – see Suppleme	ental Box Relating to Sequence Listing.				
3.		The ame	endments have resulted in the cancellation of:					
		the	e description, pages					
		the	the claims, nos.					
			the drawings, sheets/figs					
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4.		·	y table(s) related to sequence listing (specify): ort has been established as if (some of) the amendr	mants annoyad to this napart and listed b	alow had not been made since			
-+ .	Ш	they have	re been considered to go beyond the disclosure as file	ed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box ((Rule 70.2(c)).			
			e description, pages					
		the	the claims, nos.					
		L the	the drawings, sheets/figs					
		L the	the sequence listing (specify):					
		any	any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):					
*	If ite	m 4 applie	es, some or all of those sheets may be marked "supe	rseded."				

International application No.
PCT/EP2004/012515

Box	No. V			rticle 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; oporting such statement	
1.	Statement				
	Novelty (I	N)	Claims	1-5	YES
			Claims		NO
Inventive step (IS)		Claims	_1-5	YES	
			Claims		NO
	Industrial	applicability (IA)	Claims	1-5	YES
			Claims		NO

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

1). Prior art

This report makes reference to the following documents:

D1: US-4340702A, 1982-07-20 D2: EP-0939100A, 1999-09-01

D3: US-4246309A, 1981-01-20

D4: DE-2214410A, 1973-10-04

Document D1 discloses (the references between parentheses refer to that document) the ultrafiltration of a vinyl resin latex (claim 1) and the production of a powder by spray drying (column 6, lines 45-55). The portion of emulsifier in the filtrate is reduced (example 1, column 8, lines 2 and 34-37), although in concentrated latex the portion of emulsifier may be increased.

Document D2 discloses treatment of an aqueous solution of a water-soluble, vinyl phosphonic acid-based polymer by membrane filtration

Box No. V
Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

(claims 1 and 5) and spray drying (examples 1

and 2). The result is a substantially pure polymer.

Document D3 describes a binding agent that is based on an aqueous polymer dispersion and has a reduced content of water-soluble compounds as a result of ultrafiltration. Spray drying is not mentioned.

Document D4 mentions spray drying of an aqueous polymer dispersion in the presence of an inorganic anti-caking agent. Ultrafiltration is not mentioned.

2). PCT Article 33(1) and (2) - novelty

These differences establish novelty in independent claim 1. Dependent claims 2 to 5 contain additional features and are likewise novel (PCT Article 33(1 and (2))).

3). PCT Article 33(1) and (3) - inventive step

The application concerns a method for producing polymer powders from aqueous polymer dispersions, the portion of water-soluble components relative to the polymer being less in the obtained polymer powders than in the initial aqueous polymer dispersions.

This is achieved by a membrane filtration step,

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

which reduces the portion of water-soluble components relative to the polymer in the initial aqueous polymer dispersions, the aqueous polymer dispersions thus obtained being subjected to a spray drying step.

The closest prior art, D1, discloses a method, according to which an aqueous polymer dispersion is subjected to an ultrafiltration step in order to reduce the proportion of water, thereby reducing the energy required for the spray drying for removing the water.

It can be calculated that the emulsifier content would be enriched in this way. The method as per D1 therefore has the opposite technical effect to the method as per claim 1.

The method as per D2 uses a vinyl phosphonic acid homo- or copolymer solution instead of a vinyl latex. It is highly improbable that a person skilled in the art would use the teaching from document D2, which lies in the technical field of regenerating used baths for treating metal, to produce polymer powder from an aqueous polymer dispersion.

The subject matter of claim 1 therefore also involves an inventive step (PCT Article 33(3)) and the requirements of PCT Article 33(1) are satisfied.